Librarians Association of the University of California

Record Creator Guidelines for Born-Digital Files

- 1. When creating documents, add titles, authors, dates, and page numbers.
- 2. Consider using File Properties in Microsoft Office and other software programs to embed metadata (information about your document) in your files. See https://support.office.com/en-us/article/View-or-change-the-properties-for-an-Office-file-21D604C2-481E-4379-8E54-1DD4622C6B75
- 3. Save your file frequently, using a clear and consistent filename. For guidance on filenames, see https://www.webarchive.org.uk/wayback/archive/20160101151739/http://www.jiscdigitalmedia.ac.uk/guide/choosing-a-file-name
- **4.** Don't use spaces or special characters. Replace spaces with dashes (-) or underscores (_).
- **5.** If you want to quickly organize your files chronologically, include the date at the beginning of the filename, formatted as YYYY-MM-DD.
- **6.** If you save multiple versions or drafts, save each draft with a different file name: mydocument_v1.docx, mydocument_v2.docx, etc.
- **7.** Keep your filenames as short as you can; long filenames can cause issues with copying and saving.
- **8.** Create a clear folder structure that can be understood easily. For example:
 - a. [Folder]: LAUC-San-Diego
 - i. [Sub-Folder]: Research-Professional-Development-Committee
 - 1. [Sub-sub-folder]: 2006-2007-Grant-Proposals
 - a. [Document]: 2007-02-15-grant-proposal.docx
- **9**. Delete files you don't want to keep.
- **10**. Back your files up regularly to a separate drive and/or to cloud storage.

See the Digital Archives Transfer and Preservation Plan for more information.